Flu - Eligible groups for NHS vaccination

All people aged 65 years or over including those becoming age 65 years by 31 March 2021.

People aged from 18 years to less than 65 years of age with one or more serious medical condition(s) outlined below:

	Chronic (long torm)	Acthma that requires continuous or repeated use of inheled ar
	Chronic (long term)	Asthma that requires continuous or repeated use of inhaled or
	respiratory disease,	systemic steroids or with previous exacerbations requiring hospital
	such as severe	admission. Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) including chronic
	asthma, chronic	Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) including chronic
	obstructive	bronchitis and emphysema; bronchiectasis, cystic fibrosis, interstitial
	pulmonary disease	lung fibrosis, pneumoconiosis and bronchopulmonary dysplasia (BPD).
 	(COPD) or bronchitis	Congonital heart disease hunautausian with saudia as a literatura
	Chronic heart	Congenital heart disease, hypertension with cardiac complications,
	disease, such as heart	chronic heart failure, individuals requiring regular medication and/or
 	failure Chronic kidney	follow-up for ischaemic heart disease.
	Chronic kidney	Chronic kidney disease at stage 3, 4 or 5, chronic kidney failure,
	disease stage 3, 4 or 5	nephrotic syndrome, kidney transplantation.
 	Chronic liver disease	Cirrhosis, biliary atresia, chronic hepatitis.
	Chronic neurological	Stroke, transient ischaemic attack (TIA). Conditions in which respiratory
	disease, such as	function may be compromised due to neurological disease (e.g. polio
	Parkinson's disease or	syndrome sufferers). Immunisation should be offered, based on
	motor neurone	individual assessment, to clinically vulnerable individuals including
	disease or	those with cerebral palsy, learning disabilities, multiple sclerosis and
	Learning division	related or similar conditions; or hereditary and degenerative disease of
—	Learning disability	the nervous system or muscles; or severe neurological disability.
	Diabetes	Type 1 diabetes, type 2 diabetes requiring insulin or oral
—		hypoglycaemic drugs, diet-controlled diabetes.
	Immunosuppression,	Immunosuppression due to disease or treatment, including patients
	a weakened immune	undergoing chemotherapy leading to immunosuppression, bone
	system due to disease	marrow transplant, HIV infection at all stages, multiple myeloma or
	(such as HIV/AIDS) or	genetic disorders affecting the immune system (e.g. IRAK-4, NEMO,
	treatment (such as	complement disorder).
	cancer treatment)	Individuals treated with an likely to be treated with exchange startists
		Individuals treated with or likely to be treated with systemic steroids
		for more than a month at a dose equivalent to prednisolone at 20mg or
		more per day. Some immune-compromised patients may have a
\vdash	Splanic dysfunction as	suboptimal immunological response to the vaccine.
	Splenic dysfunction or	This also includes conditions such as homozygous sickle cell disease
 	asplenia Morbid obesity	and coeliac syndrome that may lead to splenic dysfunction
 	Morbid obesity	Adults with a Body Mass Index ≥40kg/m ² Pregnant women aged 18 or over at any stage of pregnancy (first,
	Pregnant women	second or third trimesters).
	(including those who	second or tillia trillesters).
	become pregnant during the flu season)	
NEW	Household contacts	People who are household contacts, agod 10 and over specifically
INEVV	of those on the NHS	People who are household contacts, aged 18 and over, specifically individuals who expect to share living accommodation on most days
	Shielded Patient List	over the winter and, therefore, for whom continuing close contact is
	Sinciueu Palletii LIST	unavoidable.
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People living in long-	Vaccination is recommended where rapid spread is likely and cause
stay residential care	high morbidity and mortality. This does not include prisons, young
homes or other long-	offender institutions, or university halls of residence.
stay care facilities	
Carers	People in receipt of a carer's allowance, or those who are the main
	carer of an older or disabled person whose welfare may be at risk if the
	carer falls ill.
Household contacts	People who are household contacts of immunocompromised
of	individuals, specifically individuals who expect to share living
immunocompromised	accommodation on most days over the winter and, therefore, for
individuals	whom continuing close contact is unavoidable.
Social care workers	Health & social care staff, employed by a registered residential
	care/nursing home or registered domiciliary care provider, who are
	directly involved in the care of vulnerable patients/clients who are at
	increased risk from exposure to influenza.
Hospice workers	Health and care staff, employed by a voluntary managed hospice
	provider, who are directly involved in the care of vulnerable
	patients/clients who are at increased risk from exposure to influenza.
Workers employed	Health and social care workers employed through Direct Payments
through Direct	and/or Personal Health Budgets to deliver domiciliary care to patients
Payments and/or	and service users.
Personal Health	
Budgets to deliver	
domiciliary care	

Please note that flu vaccination for people aged 50 to 64 who are **not** in an at risk group will not be made available until November at the earliest, and then only if there is sufficient vaccine. This is to ensure that those who are most at risk are vaccinated first. You should not invite nor vaccinate people in this age group until advised to do so on the NHS service. Please continue to invite and vaccinate those in at risk groups aged 50 to 64 as normal.